Periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

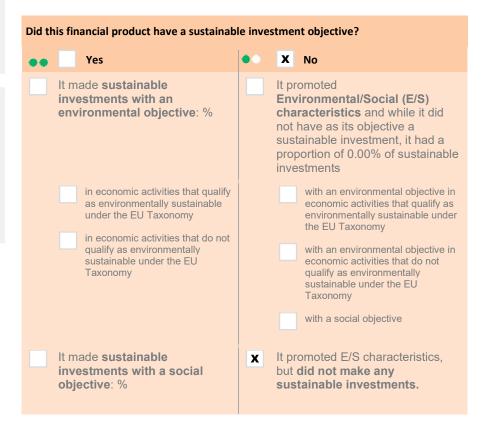
Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee companies follow good governance practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Product name: MainFirst - Absolute Return Multi Asset

Legal entity identifier: 529900IMFJDJKHORVL53

Environmental and/or social characteristics





To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics promoted by the financial product fulfilled?

The sub-fund promotes the following E/S characteristics:

- mitigating environmental damage slowing of climate change
- protection of human rights
- protection of labour rights
- protection of health
- mitigation of gun violence
- mitigation of corruption avoidance of unethical business practices
- promotion of good corporate governance
- mitigation of child labour and forced labour

Sustainability indicators measure how the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product are attained.

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

All equity investments were screened against the exclusion criteria and the ESG score of the fund was in the medium risk profile range or better at all times. Sustainalytics compiles the results of its analyses into an ESG risk score ranging from 0 to 100, with a risk score below 10 being considered negligible, from 10 to 19.99 low, from 20 to 29.99 medium, from 30 to 39.99 high, and from a score of 40 severe. as of 31/12/2023 Fund score: 18.07

...and compared to previous periods?

All equity investments were screened against the exclusion criteria and the ESG score of the fund was in the medium risk profile range or better at all times.

As of 31/12/2022 Fund score: 17.02; as of 31/12/2021 Fund score: 18.12.

What were the objectives of the sustainable investments that the financial product partially intended to make and how does the sustainable investment contribute to such objectives?

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made.

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters. How have the sustainable investments, which were in part made with the financial product, not caused significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made.

→ How were the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors taken into account?

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made.

Were sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights? Details:

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do no significant harm" principle by which Taxonomy-aligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the EU criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

In the sub-fund, the principal adverse impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors set out in Annex 1 of Table I of Regulation (EU) 2022/1288 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 6 April 2022 are taken into account in the context of Article 7 of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088. The following adverse impacts on sustainability factors are taken into account in the investment process:

- No. 1 "Greenhouse gas emissions" (Scope 1, Scope 2, Scope 3, Total)

- No. 2 "Carbon footprint"

- No. 3 "Greenhouse gas intensity"

- No. 10 "Violations of the Principles of the UN Global Compact and the OECD Guidelines for Multinational
- Enterprises"
 No. 14 "Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)

The portfolio managers use the external analyses of Sustainalytics and, when needed, public documents of the companies and notes from direct dialogues with the company management to identify, measure and evaluate adverse sustainability impacts. The adverse sustainability impacts can then be subjected to comprehensive analysis and taken into account in investment decisions.



The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 01.01.2023 – 31.12.2023

What are the main investments of this financial product?

Largest investments	Sector	% Assets	Country
Dte. Börse Commodities GmbH/Gold Ounce 999 Cert. v.07(2199)	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	6.22	United States of America
XTrackers ETC PLC/Silver Fine Ounce Cert. v.20(2080)	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	3.97	United States of America
Compagnie Financière Richemont AG	PROVISION OF PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL SERVICES	2.13	Switzerland
Asian Development Bank (ADB) v.20(2025)	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	1.99	Supranational institutions
Norway Reg.S. v.15(2025)	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	1.89	Norway
Republic Services Inc. v.20(2025)	WATER SUPPLY; SEWERAGE, WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES	1.87	United States of America
Ivanhoe Mines Ltd.	MINING AND QUARRYING	1.80	Canada
Microsoft Corporation	INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	1.77	United States of America
Amundi Physical Metals PLC/Gold Ounce 999 Cert. v.19(2118)	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	1.74	United States of America
Kreditanstalt für Wiederaufbau v.15(2025)	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	1.71	Germany
Prosus NV Reg.S. v.20(2028)	PROVISION OF PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL SERVICES	1.61	Netherlands
ASML Holding NV	PROVISION OF PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL SERVICES	1.57	Netherlands
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co. Ltd. ADR	MANUFACTURING	1.55	Taiwan
International Bank for Reconstruction and Development v.20(2025)	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	1.50	World Bank
Kreditanstalt für Wiederaufbau v.19(2024)	FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	1.48	Germany



Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.

What was the share of sustainability-related investments?

What were the asset allocations?



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product. The share of these investments amounts to 51.00% as of the reporting date.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments. The share of these investments amounts to 49.00% as of the reporting date.

Category #1 Aligned with environmental or social characteristics includes the following sub-categories:

- The sub-category **#1A Sustainable** covers environmentally and socially sustainable investments. The share of these investments amounts to 0.00% as of the reporting date
- The sub-category **#1B Other E/S characteristics** covers investments aligned with the environmental or social characteristics that do not qualify as sustainable investments. The share of these investments amounts to 51.00% as of the reporting date.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector	Sub-sector	% Assets
MINING AND QUARRYING	Mining of chemical and fertiliser minerals	0.46
MINING AND QUARRYING	Mining of non-ferrous metal ores	0.87
MINING AND QUARRYING	Other mining, quarrying n.e.c.	1.80
MINING AND QUARRYING	Mining of other non-ferrous metal ores	1.46
FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	Equity investments	0.50
FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	Securities and commodities exchanges	0.17
FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	Other monetary intermediation	8.81
FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	Other financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding n.e.c.	19.85
FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES	Activities of trust, estate and agency accounts	1.74
PROVISION OF PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL SERVICES	Business and other management consultancy activities	10.84
ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICE ACTIVITIES	Travel agency, tour operator and other reservation service and related activities	0.83
ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICE ACTIVITIES	Vehicle renting	0.27
ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICE ACTIVITIES	Hotels, inns and guesthouses	0.15
TRADE, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES	Non-specialised retail sale (on the sales floor)	0.48

TRADE, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES	Wholesale of metals and metal ores	0.56
TRADE, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES	Mail order and internet retail trade	1.26
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	Computing infrastructure, data processing, hosting and other information service activities	1.08
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	Computer programming activities	0.44
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	Telecommunication	0.85
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	Publishing of video games	0.68
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	Software publishing	3.44
INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	Other software publishing	1.99
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of batteries and accumulators	1.17
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of industrial gases	0.24
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of motor vehicles	1.06
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of other special- purpose machinery n.e.c.	0.91
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of instruments and appliances for measuring, testing and navigation	2.22
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of soaps, detergents, cleaning agents, body care products and fragrances	0.42
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of soap and detergents, cleaning and polishing preparations	0.33
MANUFACTURING	Distilling, rectifying and blending of spirits	1.08
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of electronic components	3.22
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of electronic components and boards	1.48
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of non-domestic air conditioning equipment	0.31
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of agricultural and forestry machinery	1.14
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of medical and dental instruments and supplies	2.60
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of optical and photographic instruments and devices	1.14
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products	1.22
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of other inorganic basic chemicals	0.90
MANUFACTURING	Manufacture of other electronic and electric wires and cables	0.68
TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE	Service activities incidental to land transportation	0.12
WATER SUPPLY; SEWERAGE, WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES	Recovery of sorted products	0.88
WATER SUPPLY; SEWERAGE, WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES	Collection of non-hazardous waste	1.87
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	General public administration	0.79
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE; COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY	Public administration	7.86
		0.55

With respect to EU Taxonomy compliance, the criteria for fossil gas include limiting emissions and switching to fully renewable energy or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. The criteria for nuclear energy include comprehensive safety and waste management regulations.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.
Transitional activities are economic activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and that have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- **turnover** reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- Capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy
- **Operational expenditure** (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies



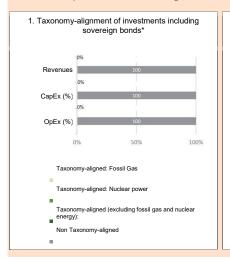
To what extent were sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

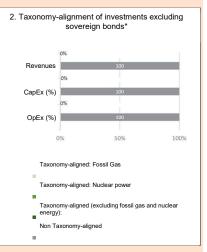
The main objective of this sub-fund is to contribute to the pursuit of E/S characteristics. which is why this subfund does not currently undertake to invest a minimum proportion of its total assets in environmentally sustainable economic activities in accordance with Article 3 of the EU Taxonomy Regulation (2020/852). This also applies to information on investments in economic activities that are classified as enabling or transitional activities under Article 16 or 10(2) of the EU Taxonomy Regulation (2020/852).

Did the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities complying with the EU Taxonomy¹?

	Yes	
	In fossil gas	In nuclear energy
X	No	

The following charts present the minimum percentage of EU Taxonomy-aligned investments in green. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the Taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy-alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





This chart reflects 100.00% of the total investment.

* For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' excludes sovereign exposures.

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do not significantly harm any EU Taxonomy objective – see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The detailed criteria for EU Taxonomy-aligned economic activities in the sector of fossil gas and nuclear energy are set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

What is the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?

Enabling activities: no information

Transitional activities: no information

How has the share of investments brought into line with the EU Taxonomy evolved compared to previous reference periods?

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made. No sustainable investments were made in previous periods, so no comparison is possible.

are sustainable investments with an environmental objective that do not take into account the criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities under Regulation (EU) 2020/852.



What was the share of non-EU- Taxonomy-compliant sustainable investments with an environmental objective?

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made



What was the share of socially sustainable investments?

E/S characteristics are promoted with the financial product, but no sustainable investments will be made.



What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

This includes hedging instruments, investments for diversification purposes, investments for which no data is available and cash. The sustainability indicators used to measure the achievement of the individual E/S characteristics in "#1 Investments geared towards E/S characteristics" are not systematically applied in "#2 Other". Minimum social and environmental protection is available for investments where a UNGC audit is possible. This includes, for example, shares, but not cash or derivatives.



What measures were taken during the reference period to fulfil the environmental and/or social characteristics?

Exclusion criteria are applied prior to security selection in order to achieve the sustainability characteristics: mitigation of environmental damage, slowing of climate change, protection of human rights, protection of labour rights, protection of health, mitigation of armed violence, mitigation of corruption, avoidance of unethical business practices, promotion of good corporate governance, mitigation of child and forced labour.

The investment focus may be on large-, mid- and small-caps. Stock selection is based on comprehensive company analyses (bottom-up); structurally small- and mid-capitalised companies are included in the investment mix (barbell strategy).

The Sustainalytics scoring model is used to monitor and independently confirm the company's commitment to sustainability. Within this process, the defined PAIs are also taken into account.

Engagement is an integral part of achieving the environmental and social objectives of the investment strategy. Solid corporate governance is an essential factor for increasing the value of any company. As a shareholder, we understand the necessity of actively participating in the development of a company. Necessity in this context refers to the portfolio management team's active dialogue with the company in the portfolio as well as the exercise of voting rights at general meetings.

Close contact with the portfolio companies ensures a continuous focus on fundamental factors as well as sustainability factors. The aim of the engagement activity is to actively influence the ESG profile of the companies throughout the investment period and therefore to reduce negative impacts on sustainability factors.

Taking account of various aspects such as sustainability and corporate strategy, our aim is to exercise our voting rights actively, comprehensively and in the best possible way in the interest of the investors and to implement our policies.



Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the environmental or social characteristics that they promote.

How did this financial product perform compared to the specific reference benchmark?

No benchmark was defined within the framework of the sustainability strategy.

How does the reference benchmark differ from a broad market index?

No benchmark was defined within the framework of the sustainability strategy.

How did this financial product perform with regard to the sustainability indicators to determine the alignment of the reference benchmark with the environmental or social characteristics promoted?

No benchmark was defined within the framework of the sustainability strategy.

• How did this financial product perform compared with the reference benchmark?

No benchmark was defined within the framework of the sustainability strategy.

How did this financial product perform compared to the broad market index?

No benchmark was defined within the framework of the sustainability strategy.